

Influenza Situation Report

2014-2015 Seasonal Influenza Week 2

(Jan. 11 – Jan. 17, 2015)

Marion County Public Health Department, IN 2015-01-23,

Please send comments or suggestions about content to epidemiology@hhcorp.org.

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Updates on Most Recent Local Activity: Current Week (Week 3, Jan. 18 – Jan. 24)

- The percent of influenza-like illness (ILI) in Marion County continues to consistently decrease since peaking on the week of Dec. 14, 2014.
- The percent and count of emergency department (ED) visits associated with ILI during the time frame Jan. 18-22 is 1.5% and 121, respectively.

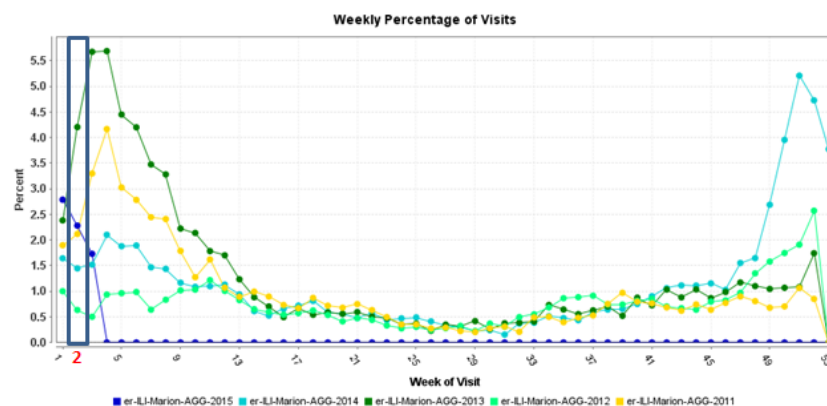
Local (Week 2)

http://www.mchd.com/FLU/Flu_edv.htm

- The percent and count of ED visits associated with ILI is 2.0% and 227, respectively.
- The age group 0-4 has the highest percent ILI at 4.7%.
- The total number of influenza associated deaths in Marion County this flu season is 7.

Emergency Department Visits for Influenza-Like Illness

Figure 1. Percent Influenza-like Illness of all ED Visits for Marion County residents, Current Year and Previous Seasons

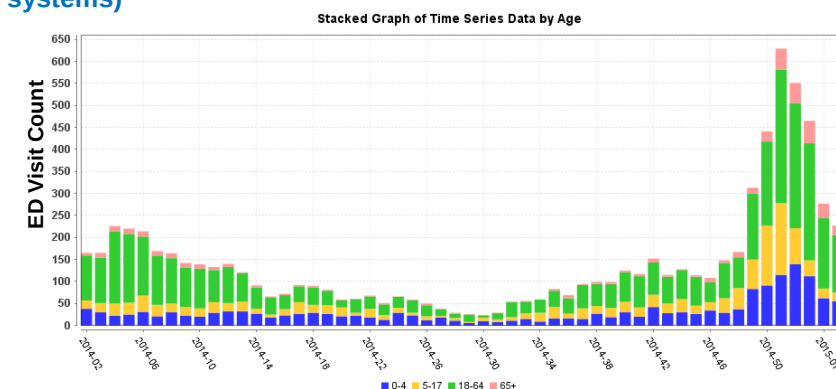


Data Source: ISDH Public Health Surveillance System, MCHD Epidemiology

Table 1. Age group specific percent of ILI ED Visits at Marion County Hospitals, by Age Group

Age Group (years)	Week 2 %ILI	Week 51-1 Average %ILI (Avg.)
<5	4.7%	6.4%
5-17	1.8%	5.9%
18-64	1.8%	3.1%
65+	1.2%	2.2%
Aggregate	2.0%	3.6%

Figure 2. Weekly Count of ILI ED Visits for Marion County Hospitals, by Age Group (Only includes currently contributing hospital systems)



Data Source: ISDH Public Health Surveillance System, MCHD Epidemiology

Figure 1 represents the percent of all ED visits that were categorized as ILI. The overall percent ILI for Week 2 is 2.0% (a decrease from last week).

ILI visit means that the patient reported fever with cough or sore throat, or used the word "flu" to describe either their symptoms or their reason for the ED visit.

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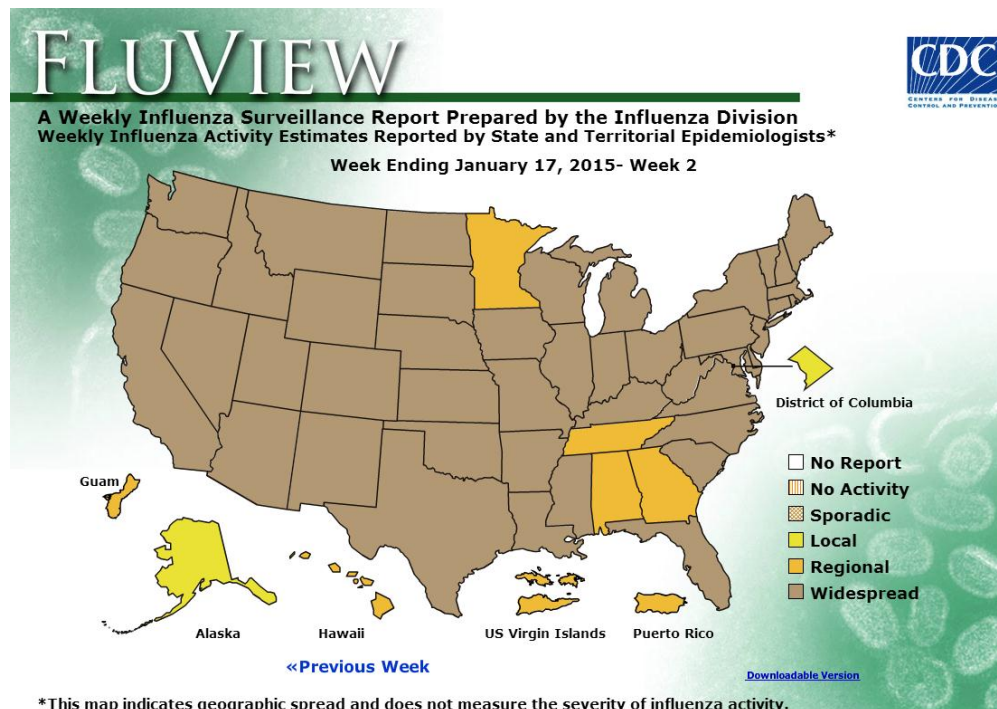
Indiana (Week 2)

http://www.in.gov/isdh/files/Weekly_Influenza_Report_Week_2_2014-2015.pdf

- Indiana is experiencing *moderate* and *widespread* influenza activity.
- ISDH reports 3.37% ILI at sentinel provider sites and 1.84% ILI at ED visits. This is a decrease in both sentinel surveillance and ED surveillance compared to last week.
- The total number of mortalities in Indiana this flu season is 97.
- Among samples tested at the state lab during Week 2, 4 specimens tested positive for Influenza A/H3 seasonal virus; 0 specimens tested positive for Influenza B seasonal virus.

National (Week 2)

<http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/>



- The majority of states are reporting *moderate* and *widespread* influenza activity.
- An estimated 4.5% of patient visits reported through the U.S. Outpatient Influenza-like Illness Surveillance Network were due to ILI. This is an increase from the previous week (4.4%) and above the national baseline (2.0%).

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- CDC reports 11 confirmed influenza-related pediatric deaths, increasing the season mortality total to 56.
- The highest rates of hospitalization are in patients of age 65 and older (176.1 per 100,000 population) and 0-4 (34.5 per 100,000 population).
- "Among all hospitalizations, 9,597 (96.8%) were associated with influenza A, 244 (2.5%) with influenza B, 25 (0.2%) with influenza A and B co-infection, and 52 (0.5%) had no virus type information. Among those with influenza A subtype information, 2,623 (99.7%) were A(H3N2) virus and seven (0.3%) were A(H1N1)pdm09."

Parotitis and Respiratory Viruses

- Marion County physicians are reporting a high number of cases in which influenza A has been complicated by parotitis (previously known to be a rare event).
- Dr. John Christenson, Professor of Clinical Pediatrics at the Riley Hospital for Children at IU Health, recommends that RVP-PCR be carried out for such patients. If you have a case, you should also perform a mumps PCR using a buccal swab specimen and test for influenza and/or other viruses if you can.

CDC Health Advisory

<http://emergency.cdc.gov/han/han00375.asp>

- "Approximately two-thirds of H3N2 viruses that have been tested at CDC are antigenically or genetically different from the H3N2 vaccine virus."
- CDC is reminding clinicians of the efficacy of influenza antiviral medications in treating patients and reducing complications.